

2021年6月六级

救命班电子讲义

刘晓艳主讲：写作+翻译+阅读

邹寅主讲：听力

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六级时间分配

试卷结构	测试内容	测试题型	题目数量	分值比例	考试时间
写作	写作	短文写作	1	15%	30 分钟
听力理解	长对话	选择题（单选）	8	8%	30 分钟
	听力篇章		7	7%	
	讲话/报道/讲座		10	20%	
阅读理解	词汇理解	选词填空	10	5%	40 分钟
	长篇阅读	匹配	10	10%	
	仔细阅读	选择题（单选）	10	20%	
翻译	汉译英	段落翻译	1	15%	30 分钟
合计			57	100%	130 分钟

第一部分 写作

记笔记

一、短句的写法

A man comes.

He is attractive.

I love him.

I will give him a dog.

It can make him happy.

二、被动

很多人认为合作比个人能力更重要。

Cooperation is claimed to be more crucial than personal ability.

人们普遍认为网购已经成为一种流行趋势。

Online shopping is argued to be a popular trend among the young and the old.

在过去几十年里，政府采取了各种措施防止灾害发生。

Various measures, in the past decades, have been taken to prevent disasters.

最近，中国科学院(Chinese Academy of Sciences) 出版了关于其最新科学发现与未来一年展望的年度系列报告。

An annual report about its latest scientific findings and the prospect of the next year was recently published by Chinese Academy of Science.

三、并列句

常见的逻辑关系词

第一，表示因果（世界上最重要的一种关系就是因果关系）

1.表示原因

Because, in that, as, since

because of = be responsible for = due to = owing to = thanks to

2.表示结果

so = hence = therefore = thereby = thus = consequently = in consequence = as a result / consequence

第二，表示对比

1.表示“相似性的”对比

Likewise = similarly = equally = simultaneously = at the same time = in the meanwhile

2.表示“差异性的”对比

But = by contrast = conversely = alternatively = on the contrary = on the other hand = otherwise = while = whereas

第三，表示递进

besides = also = in addition = moreover = furthermore = apart/aside from
to put it another way = put another way = in other words

换句话说（有补充解释说明的作用）

第四，表示让步

- ① Despite = in spite of = notwithstanding = although = though = as = while = even (if) = much as （用于句首）虽然 = granting/granted that
- ② certainly = of course = indeed = it is true that... 的确
- ③ undoubtedly = there is no doubt that...毫无疑问的是.....
- ④ it may be true that... 或许真实的是.....
- ⑤ there is no denying that ...不可否认的是.....
- ⑥ In effect/fact/reality = indeed = virtually 实际上，事实上，的确

第五，表示条件

- ① if = providing/provided/suppose/supposing that 如果，假如
- ② in case of = in the event of 万一.....

第六，表示目的

to= in order to = so as to

第七，表示引出新对象

- ① About = concerning = regarding = with regard to = as for/to = in respect of 关于
- ② in terms of 就.....而论，在.....方面
- ③ when it comes to ... 当提到.....时

第八，表示强调

- ① Above all = most important

② In effect/fact/reality = indeed = virtually 事实上, 实际上, 的确, 其实

第九, 表示总结

① On the whole = all in all = overall = in conclusion/summary/general = generally (speaking) = as a whole = mainly = substantially = to sum up = conclude = come to the conclusion 总的来说

② in short/brief = in a word 简而言之

③ in any case = at any rate = anyway 总之, 无论如何

第十, 表示举例

Like = such as = for instance/example = take/consider/think of/remember ... (as an example) = a good case in point is... = from ... to ... (to ...) = to illustrate = as an illustration

1. 在过去一千年里, 乌镇的水系和生活方式并未经历多少变化, 是一座展现古文明的博物馆。

In the past thousand years, the water system and the life way of Wuzhen have not gone through many changes. Therefore, it now is the museum to show anicent civilization.

2. 在山东潍坊市, 风筝不仅仅是玩具, 而且还是这座城市文化的标志。

In Weifang, Shandong, kites are not only toys but also symbolizes the culture of the city.

3. 这些资金用于改善教学设施、购买书籍, 使 16 万多所中小学收益。资金还用于购置音乐和绘画器材。现在农村和山区的儿童可以与沿海城市的儿童一样上音乐和绘画课。(2014 年四级)

These funds are used to improve educational facilities, purchase books and more than 160 thousands primary schools and middle schools benefit from it. In addition, the fund is to be used for purchasing music and painting facilities. As a consequence, nowadays the children in the rural areas can have the music and painting classes as the same as the children in the coastal cities do.

4. 由于这个传统, 许多年轻人婚后继续与父母同住。今天, 这个传统正在改变。随着住房条件的改善, 越来越多年轻夫妇选择与父母分开住。但他们之间的联系依然很密切。许多老年人仍然 帮着照看孙辈。年轻夫妇也抽时间探望父母, 特别是在春节和中秋节等重要节日。

As a result of this tradition, many young people continue to live with their parents after marriage. By contrast, today, the tradition is changing. With the improvement of housing conditions, an increasing number of young couples choose to live apart from their parents. Nevertheless, the connection between

them remains strong. Many old people still have to look after their grandchildren. At the same time, young couples also get around to visit their parents, especially during the holidays, such as the spring festival and Mid-autumn Festival.

四、复合句

1. 主从句

例：

大学教育极大地促进了社会的进步是显而易见的。

It is beyond dispute that university education promotes the progress of our society obviously.

常见句式结构：It is...that...

- ① It is common knowledge that...
- ② It is my belief that... = I think that...
- ③ It is self-evident that...
- ④ It has been found that...
- ⑤ It is beyond dispute that...
- ⑥ It is universally acknowledged that...
- ⑦ It has been widely accepted that...
- ⑧ It is generally agreed that...

2. 同位语

Garbage sorting, a necessary behavior to control pollution, proves quite crucial throughout china.

Hunting for jobs, a hot topic among undergraduates, has become the public concern recently.

Optimism, an active mentality, plays a key role in the general routine of everyday living.

3. 定语和定语从句

I love this kind girl.

I love the girl of kindness.

I love the girl as kind as an angel.

I love the girl being as kind as an angel.

I love the girl who keeps so kind.

例：

①中国结最初是由手工艺人发明的，经过数百年不断的改进，已经成为一种优雅多彩的艺术和工艺。

The Chinese knot was originally invented by the craftsmen, which has become a kind of elegant and colorful arts and crafts after hundreds of years of continuous improvement.

②乌镇是浙江的一座古老水镇，坐落在京杭大运河畔。这是一处迷人的地方，有许多古桥、中式旅店和餐馆。

Wuzhen, which is an ancient water town of Zhejiang Province, locates near the Beijing-Hangzhou Grand Canal, which is really a charming place with many ancient bridges, Chinese style hotels and restaurants there.

③功夫是中国武术的俗称。中国武术的起源可以追溯到自卫的需要、狩猎活动以及古代中国的军事训练。它是中国传统体育运动的一种，年轻人老年人都练。

Kung Fu is the common name of Chinese martial arts which can be traced back to self-defense needs, hunting activities and military training in ancient China. Besides, it is a traditional Chinese sport that both the young and the elderly can practise.

④剪纸 (paper cutting) 是中国最为流行的传统民间艺术形式之一。中国剪纸有一千五百多年的历史，在明朝和清朝时期 (the Ming and Qing Dynasties) 特别流行。

Paper cutting is one of the most popular arts in china which has a 1.5thound year history and was quite famous in the Ming and Qing dynasties.

⑤中国人自古以来就在中秋节庆祝丰收，这与北美庆祝感恩节非常相似。

Chinese have had the tradition to celebrate harvest in the Middle-Autumn, which proves quite similar with Thanks-Giving Day in North America.

4.状语和状语从句

① I love my girlfriend.

② keeping pets can cultivate the love heart of children although they sometimes bring much trouble for

their owners.

- or because taking care of those little animals needs patience and care.
- or when there exists only a child in one family.
- or by taking a shower or talking with those little animals.

③ they are singing songs although they have had class for the whole day.

they, a group of young men, who will take part in the examination of CET-6 are singing songs which were once popular when we were young.

5.三大经典句型

1) 强调句型 it is...that...

Nothing is more important than self-reliance in a competitive international environment.

就是因为你，我没有通过六级考试。

because of you, I failed in CET-6.

It is because of you that I failed in CET-6.

就是有很多的因素可以解释我的观点。

There exist numerous factors to account for my argument.

2) 虚拟语气

If you are a tear in my eye, I will never shed it.

3) 倒装

①否定词位于句首时

我从来没有这样开心过。

Never have I been so happy.

在任何情况下我们绝不能忽略.....的重要性/严重性

Under no circumstances can we fail to pour attention into... (gravity/ severity)

②含有 so...that...结构的句子，将 so 引导的部分位于句首时

这个问题是如此重要以至于我们要给与足够的重视。

The issue is so grave that we cannot fail to pay attention to it.

So grave is the issue that.....

在大学校园中，浪费这个问题是如此的严重以至于不得不引起（arose）我们的注意了。

So serious is waste that it has to arouse our attention.

③only 引出的状语位于句首时

只有以这种方式，我们才能解决这个问题。

Only in this way can we settle the issue/relieve the phenomenon.

6.句子的改写和扩写

1) 我绝不嫁给你。

2) 自行车很重要

句子扩写：

I love Liu Xiaoyan.

I, a university student from Beijing, have loved Liu who is the most graceful and elegant English teacher I

have ever seen since I met her for the first time.

Smile makes people love you.

Smile, the best means for communicating, makes people who may look serious and distant love you at the first sight.

Pollution keeps exceedingly serious.

Pollution, a global issue which threatens almost every one, keeps exceedingly serious with the rapid urbanization.

五、文章

【历年真题】

1. For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay on the importance of motivation and methods in learning. You can cite examples to illustrate your views. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

There exists, among teenagers and youngsters, a hot debate on the importance of motivation and methods in learning. From my perspective, it is motivation and methods that prove to be more crucial than the study itself.

Quite a few factors, as a matter of fact, could account for my opinion. As the primary element, Motivation can make us brave in front of difficulties. If we desire to complete heavy tasks smoothly, it is motivation that would make us be confronted with troubles without fear. One of Chinese famous businessmen, Mayun, is a good case in point. Before he became the top man known to all, he had failed thousands of times. With motivation, he might got nothing. besides, proper methods are also crucial. because right ways enable you to attain what you want rapidly and effectively. the more efficiently you study, the greater success you will achieve.

In a word, motivation and methods play a vital role in the study of youngsters. So parents should educate their kids to study with a right method and motivation. As a university student, we should explore more effective ways to learn. Only in such ways of thinking can our work be done rapidly and

comfortably.

2. For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay on the importance of having a sense of community responsibility. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

There is no doubt that the issue about community responsibility has caused wide public attention recently. From my perspective, it is indispensable both in social development and individual improvement.

It is quite a few causes that could account for my argument. First and foremost, not only is a strong sense of community responsibility helpful to develop harmonious interpersonal relationships but also is beneficial to personal development. As we all know, the sound working atmosphere and interpersonal relationships among employees are crucial to both physical and mental pleasure. In addition, community responsibility can improve efficiency in the fast-paced modern society where time is money and efficiency holds the key to success. As a saying goes, "united, we stand; divided, we fall". So great importance should be attached to the cultivation of the sense of community responsibility and we will eventually benefit from it.

From what has been mentioned above, we can safely draw the conclusion that the sense of community responsibility is a kind of good personal quality, which deserves our attention. so it is worth of our attention under modern conditions. only in this way can we have a harmonious society.

1. 议论文

1) 第一段引出主题的句子：

- ① Recently the issue / problem of...has been in the limelight (处于关注的中心) / brought into focus / brought to public attentive (留意的, 关心的) concern...
- ② Recently with the development / advance / progress of science and technology, the phenomenon of... has aroused wide concern.
- ③ Nowadays, it is undeniable that.....has almost become the biggest concern of the present-day world.

④ What is your idea as to...?

There exist varying / a variety of points concerning it.

2) 第一段表示个人观点的表达:

In my opinion / as far as I am concerned / for my part / from my perspective / it keeps my perspective that

3) 第二段分析原因的总起句:

- ① The majority of people would agree that sth has its deep roots.
- ② It is superficially a simple phenomenon, but when subjected to analysis, it has its fundamental reasons.
- ③ There stand at least two reasons, from my perspective, for the present phenomenon.
- ④ As we know, recognizing a problem is the first step in finding a solution.
- ⑤ There exist numerous elements being responsible for the issue.
- ⑥ The reason for this is not far to seek.
- ⑦ there are arguments for why

4) 第二段无话可说怎么办?

① 分类论证

the importance of mutual understanding and respect in interpersonal relationships.

In a dormitory, if every member could understand and respect each other, they might become more creative and effective in their study. In addition, it is such mutual understanding in interpersonal relationships that will result in a warm campus environment. In the end, there would be less conflict throughout our country. how desirable the vision is.

例: 为什么培养孩子迎接挑战的能力?

Although numerous cases are available for this argument, the following one about my teacher Liu is the most suitable. She was born in a poor family with three siblings. Furthermore, she, years later, failed to realize her dream to attend an esteemed university even though she studied hard during her senior high school. Under such situations, she has never given herself up, being convinced that "from the gutter, we

can still look up at stars". And what she believes is that poverty is never scaring. What we should be afraid is that your minds are needy. It is through years of endeavors that her dream came true. Still, she keeps my spiritual mentor. So the story vividly tells us that it is necessary that students should be encouraged to develop the ability to meet challenges.

② 因果论证

why students should be encouraged to develop effective communication skills.

If university students can develop effective communication skills, they will make more friends. In addition, the more friends they have, the more comfortable life they will have on campus. As a result, they will have a better learning environment, which consequently lead to a more harmonious context throughout the nation.

例：四级（2020 年 12 月）

"changes in the way of transportation"

5) 第三段总结措施段:

措施: 我们/政府/家长/学校

举例:

Students, from their early age, could be educated to cultivate the awareness that methods of learning are more important than learning itself.

Authorities could broadcast the importance of community responsibility in public.

2. 谚语警句型

【2020-7-六级】

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay on the saying: The best preparation for tomorrow is doing your best today. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

There exists a famous saying that the best preparation for tomorrow is to do your best work today. Simple as the saying sounds, it informs readers that one doesn't need to worry about the future if he can

make efforts to do the current job now.

As we know, recognizing a problem is the first step in finding a solution. It is generally believed that taking immediate action is of great importance. Doing good work today enables people to achieve their great goals step by step. let us visualize an undergraduate who keeps indulged in his illusion of passing the examination of postgraduates without any efforts and hard work. What would he achieve in the end? He would attain nothing but failures. The same situation exists for quite a few grown-ups who aspire to gain fame and wealth but never seek to put their fantastic plans into practice immediately.

Therefore, it is by some means that we must take actions to pursue our goals. On one hand, kids can be educated by their parents to put dreams into action. On the other hand, teenagers are supposed to put our efforts into every single day and never look down upon little things. Only in this way can we fulfill our dreams.

【2020-9-六级】

Directions: For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write an essay on the saying Wealth of the mind is the only true wealth. You should write at least 150 words but no more than 200 words.

When it comes to wealth, ideas may differ among men and women in all walks. From my perspective, I approve the argument that it is wealth of the mind that keeps the only true wealth.

Although numerous cases are available for this argument, the following one about my teacher liu is the most suitable. She was born in a poor family with three siblings. Furthermore, she, years later, failed to realize her dream to attend an esteemed university even though she studied hard during her senior high school. Under such situations, she has never given herself up, being convinced that “from the gutter, we can still look up at the stars.” And what she disagreed is that poverty is never scaring; what we should scare is that your minds are needy. It is through years of endeavors that her dream came true. Still, she keeps my spiritual mentor. So the story vividly tells us that wealth of minds is more essentially valued than funds.

To conclude, it is high time for teenagers and youngsters to pursue mental richness because there is

no boundary about the wealth of money . Only by thinking like this can we become more optimistic and lead a harmonious life.

第一段：引出主题+解释你的理解

引出主题常用表达

With respect to / with regard to / when it comes to /.....

People's arguments vary from person to person.

People may have diverse perspectives on it.

Attitudes differ from person to person.

There are different opinions among people as to...

3. 书信作文

【四级 2019-12】

For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a letter to a foreign friend who wants to learn Chinese. Please recommend a city to him. You should write at least 120 words but no more than 180 words.

Dear my friend,

I am delighted to know that you have a strong desire to learn Chinese in recent days. therefore, the letter, to be honest, is to recommend a city to you.

When the idea occurs to me, the first city flashing in my mind is Beijing, the capital of China. Firstly, there exists language environment which plays a key role in the process of language learning. As a result, as a modern city, it provides an excellent language environment for language learners. Besides, in one of the biggest cities, people are open-minded, hospitable, and inclusive. You will soon find that you can make friends with them quickly.

Finally, I hope that you could take my suggestions into serious consideration, and I am looking forward to your reply at your earliest convenience. Good luck to you with all aspects of life.

Yours sincerely,

Li Ming

图云图教育

第二部分 翻译

翻译内容

中国历史 / 文化 / 经济 / 社会

文章长度

六级 180-200 words

30words 15 分

一、评分标准

本题满分为 15 分，成绩分为六个档次：13-15 分、10-12 分、7-9 分、4-6 分、1-3 分和 0 分。各档次的评分标准见下表：

13-15 分	译文准确表达了原文的意思。用词贴切，行文流畅，基本上无语言错误，仅有个别小错。
10-12 分	译文基本上表达了原文的意思。文字通顺、连贯，无重大语言错误。
7-9 分	译文勉强表达了原文的意思。用词欠准确，语言错误相当多，其中有些是严重语言错误。
4-6 分	译文仅表达了一小部分原文的意思。用词不准确，有相当多的严重语言错误。
1-3 分	译文支离破碎。除个别词语或句子，绝大部分文字没有表达原文意思。
0 分	未作答，或只有几个孤立的词，或译文与原文毫不相关。

二、英汉差异对比

1. 汉语意合，英语形合

什么是汉语的句子？

什么是英语的句子？

逻辑关系词的使用

• similarly	equally	likewise	at the same time
• nevertheless	conversely	on the contrary	by contrast
• therefore	consequently	as a result	
• besides	furthermore	moreover	in addition

2. 英语多被动，汉语多主动

何时用被动？

何时无被动？

3. 英语多长句，汉语多短句

总结：短句变长句的方法

1) 方法 1：非谓语动词

长江流经多种不同的生态系统，是诸多濒危物种的栖息地，灌溉了中国五分之一的土地。（2017 年四级）

The Yangzi River, flowing through different ecological systems, keeps the habitat of plentiful endangered animals, irrigating one fifth of China's land.

乌镇是浙江的一座古老水镇，坐落在京杭大运河畔。这是一处迷人的地方，有许多古桥、中式旅店和餐馆。

Wuzhen, an ancient water town of Zhejiang province, is located near the Beijing-Hangzhou Grand Canal, which is really a charming place with many ancient bridges, Chinese style hotels and restaurants there.

2) 方法 2：从句

人们还会在门上粘贴对联（couplets）对联的主题有健康，发财和好运。（2013 年六级）

Doors will be decorated with couplets whose topics are involved in health, wealth and good luck.

大熊猫是熊科中最罕见的成员，主要生活在中国西南部的森林里。

Pandas which mainly live in the forest of southeast in China are the rarest members of the bear family.

中国人自古以来就在中秋节庆祝丰收，这与北美庆祝感恩节非常相似。

Chinese have had the tradition to celebrated harvest in the Middle-Autumn, which proves quite similar with Thanks-Giving Day in North America.

3) 方法 3：连词

在过去一千年里，乌镇的水系和生活方式并未经历多少变化,是一座展现古文明的博物馆。

In the past thousand years, the water system and the life way of Wuzhen have not gone through many changes. Therefore, it now is the museum to show anicent civilization.

在山东潍坊市，风筝不仅仅是玩具，而且还是这座城市文化的标志（2016 年四级）

In Weifang, Shandong, kites are not only for entertainment but also symbolizes the culture of the city.

这些资金用于改善教学设施、购买书籍，使 16 万多所中小学收益。资金还用于购置音乐和绘画器材。现在农村和山区的儿童可以与沿海城市的儿童一样上音乐和绘画课。

These funds are used to improve educational facilities and purchase books, and more than 160 thousands primary schools and middle schools benefit from it. In addition, the fund is to be used for purchasing music and painting facilities. As a consequence, nowadays the children in the rural areas can have the music and painting classes as same as the children in the coastal cities do.

三、翻译步骤

1. 以意群为单位读句子，确定句子的时态和语态
2. 确定句子的主干，非主干部分用定语或状语来翻译
3. 每句话翻译完之后都要看该句话和下句话的逻辑关系，加逻辑关系词

北京大兴国际机场位于天安门广场以南 46 公里处,于 2019 年 9 月 30 日投入使用。该巨型工程于 2014 年开

工建设,高峰时工地上有 4 万多工人。航站楼设计紧凑,可以允许最大数量的飞机直接停靠在最靠近航站楼中心的位置,这给乘客提供了极大的方便。

Beijing Daxing International Airport is located about 46 kilometers south of Tian'anmen Square, putting into use in September 30, 2019. the giant engineering construction began in 2014 at the peak of more than 40000 workers at the construction site. its terminal design is compact, which allows the largest number of aircraft near the center of the terminal directly and provides a great convenience to passengers.

航站楼共有 82 个登机口,但乘客通过安检后,只需不到 8 分钟就能抵达任何一个登机口。机场的设计计可确保每小时 300 架次起降。机场年客运量 2040 年将达到 1 亿人次,有望成为世界上最繁忙的机场。

The airport is designed to handle 300 departures and landings per hour and is expected to handle 100 million passengers a year by 2040, making it the world's busiest airport.

【2015-12 六级】

在中国,父母总是竭力帮助孩子,甚至为孩子做重要决定,而不管孩子想要什么,因为他们相信这样做是为孩子。结果,孩子的成长和教育往往屈从于父母的意愿。

如果父母决定为孩子报名参加一个课外班,以增加其被重点学校录取的机会,他们会坚持自己的决定,即使孩子根本不感兴趣。

然而在美国,父母很可能会尊重孩子的意见,并在决策时更注重他们的意见。

中国父母十分重视教育或许值得称赞。然而,他们应向美国父母学习在涉及教育时如何平衡父母与子女间的关系。

Parents in China are always trying to help their children, even to make the most important decision for them, regardless of what the children really want, because parents believe it's all for the benefit of their children. This has led to the result that the children's growth and education tend to give way to their parents' wishes.

Once the parents decide to sign up an afterschool class for their children in order to increase their chance of being admitted to a good school, they will stick on their decision, even their children have no interest in it at all.

In America, however, parents tend to respect their children, especially when making decisions. Perhaps it is commendable that Chinese parents lay much importance on education, but Chinese parents still need to keep the balance between the parents and children in the perspective of education as the American parents do.

第三部分 阅读理解

一、传统阅读（仔细阅读）

记笔记

例题

【2020 年 12 月】

Imagine that an alien species landed on Earth and, through their mere presence, those aliens caused our art to vanish, our music to homogenize, and our technological know-how to disappear. That is effectively what humans have been doing to our closest relatives—chimps (大猩猩)

Back in 1999, a team of scientists led by Andrew Whiten showed that chimps from different parts of Africa behave very differently from one another. Some groups would get each other's attention by rapping branches with their knuckles (指关节), while others did it by loudly ripping leaves with their teeth. The team identified 39 of these traditions that are practiced by some communities but not others a pattern that, at the time, hadn't been seen in any animal except humans. It was evidence, the team said, that chimps have their own cultures

It took a long time to convince skeptics that such cultures exist, but now we have plenty of examples of animals learning local traditions from one another.

But just when many scientists have come to accept the existence of animal cultures, many of those cultures might vanish. Ammie Kalan and her colleagues have shown, through years of intensive fieldwork that the very presence of humans has eroded the diversity of chimp behavior. Where we flourish, the cultures wither. It is a bitterly ironic thing to learn on the 20th anniversary of Whiten's classic study.

"It's amazing to think that just 60 years ago, we knew next to nothing of the behavior of our sister species in the wild," Whiten says. "But now, just as we are truly getting to know our primate (灵长类) cousins, the actions of humans are closing the window on all we have discovered."

"Sometimes in the rush to conserve the species, I think we forget about the individuals," says Cat Hobaiter, a professor at the University of St. Andrews.

"Each population, each community, even each generation of chimps is unique. An event might only have a small impact on the total population of chimps, but it may wipe out an entire community-an entire culture. No matter what we do to habitat or support population growth, we may never be able to restore that culture."

No one knows whether the destruction of chimp culture is getting worse. Few places have tracked chimp behavior over long periods, and those that have are also more likely to have protected their animals from human influence.

Obviously conservationists need to think about saving species in a completely new way-by preserving animal traditions as well as bodies and genes. "Instead of focusing only on the conservation of genetically based entities like species, we now need to also consider culturally based entities," says

Andrew Whiten.

51. What does the author say we humans have been doing to chimps?

- A) Ruining their culture.
- B) Accelerating their extinction.
- C) Treating them as alien species.
- D) Homogenizing their living habits.

52. What is the finding of Andrew Whiten's team?

- A) Chimps demonstrate highly developed skills of communication.
- B) Chimps rely heavily upon their body language to communicate.
- C) Chimps behave in ways quite similar to those of human being.
- D) Different chimp groups differ in their way of communication.

53. What did Ammie Kalan and her colleagues find through their intensive fieldwork?

- A) Whiten's classic study has little impact on the diversity of chimp behavior.
- B) Chimp behavior becomes less varied with the increase of human activity.
- C) Chimps alter their culture to quickly adapt to the changed environment.
- D) It might already be too late to prevent animal cultures from extinction.

54. What does Cat Hobaiter think we should do for chimp conservation?

- A) Try to understand our sister species behavior in the wild
- B) Make efforts to preserve each individual chimp community
- C) Study the unique characteristics of each generation of chimps
- D) Endeavor to restore chimp habitats to expand its total population.

55. What does the author suggest conservationists do?

- A) Focus entirely on culturally-based entities rather than genetically-based ones
- B) Place more stress on animal traditions than on their physical conservation
- C) Conserve animal species in a novel and all-round way.
- D) Explore the cultures of species before they vanish.

【2020 年 12 月】

Every five years, the government tries to tell Americans what to put in their bellies. Eat more vegetables. Dial back the fats. It's all based on the best available science for leading a healthy life. But the best available science also has a lot to say about what those food choices do to the environment, and some researchers are annoyed that new dietary recommendations of the USDA (United States Department of Agriculture) released yesterday seem to utterly ignore that fact.

Broadly, the 2016 – 2020 dietary recommendations aim for balance: More vegetables, leaner meats and far less sugar.

But Americans consume more calories per capita than almost any other country in the world. So the things Americans eat have a huge impact on climate change. Soil tilling releases carbon dioxide, and livery vehicles emit exhaust. The government's dietary guidelines could have done a lot to lower that climate cost. Not just because of their position of authority: The guidelines drive billions of dollars of food production through federal programs like school lunches and nutrition assistance for the needy.

On its own, plant and animal agriculture contributes 9 percent of all the country's greenhouse gas emissions. That's not counting the fuel burned in transportation, processing, refrigeration, and other way points between farm and belly. Red meats are among the biggest and most notorious emitters, but trucking a salad from California to Minnesota in January also carries a significant burden. And greenhouse gas emissions aren't the whole story. Food production is the largest user of fresh water, largest contributor to the loss of biodiversity, and a major contributor to using up natural resources.

All of these points and more showed up in the Dietary Guidelines Advisory Committee's scientific report, released last February. Miriam Nelson chaired the subcommittee in charge of sustainability for the report, and is disappointed that eating less meat and buying local food aren't in the final product.

“Especially if you consider that eating less meat, especially red and processed, has health benefits,” she says.

So what happened? The official response is that sustainability falls too far outside the guidelines’ official scope, which is to provide “nutritional and dietary information.”

Possibly the agencies in charge of drafting the decisions are too close to the industries they are supposed to regulate. On one hand, the USDA is compiling dietary advice. On the other, their clients are US agriculture companies.

The line about keeping the guidelines’ scope to nutrition and diet doesn’t ring quite right with researchers. David Wallinga, for example, says, “In previous guidelines, they’ve always been concerned with things like food security—which is presumably the mission of the USDA. You absolutely need to be worried about climate impacts and future sustainability if you want secure food in the future.”

51. Why are some researchers irritated at the USDA’s 2016 – 2020 Dietary Guidelines?

- A) It ignores the harmful effect of red meat and processed food on health.
- B) Too much emphasis is given to eating less meat and buying local food.
- C) The dietary recommendations are not based on medical science.
- D) It takes no notice of the potential impact on the environment.

52. Why does the author say the USDA could have contributed a lot to lowering the climate cost through its dietary guidelines?

- A) It has the capacity and the financial resources to do so.
- B) Its researchers have already submitted relevant proposals.
- C) Its agencies in charge of drafting the guidelines have the expertise.
- D) It can raise students’ environmental awareness through its programs.

53. What do we learn from the Dietary Guidelines Advisory Committee’s scientific report?

- A) Food is easily contaminated from farm to belly.
- B) Greenhouse effect is an issue still under debate.
- C) Modern agriculture has increased food diversity.

D) Farming consumes most of our natural resources.

54. What may account for the neglect of sustainability in the USDA's Dietary Guidelines according to the author?

A) Its exclusive concern with Americans' food safety.

B) Its sole responsibility for providing dietary advice.

C) Its close ties with the agriculture companies.

D) Its alleged failure to regulate the industries.

55. What should the USDA do to achieve food security according to David Wallinga?

A) Give top priority to things like nutrition and food security.

B) Endeavor to ensure the sustainable development of agriculture.

C) Fulfill its mission by closely cooperating with the industries.

D) Study the long-term impact of climate change on food production.

二、长篇阅读

记笔记

举例：【2020 年 12 月六级】

Why lifelong learning is the international passport to success

36. Students should develop the key skills before they start a project.

H) The most critical skills will be developed before the project even starts, in the form of boot camps (短期强化训练), while the rest can be fostered along with the project, putting them to immediate use and thus providing a rich learning context.

37. By acquiring reasoning skills in the first few years of college, students can lay a foundation for lifelong learning.

E) The Bachelor's degree could be your passport to lifelong learning. For the first few years, student would 'learn to learn' and get endowed with reasoning skills that remain with them for the rest of their lives.

38. The easy access to learning and rapid technological changes have brought the traditional model of education under challenge.

B)Students meet at the university campus (unity of action) during their 20s (unity of time). This classical model has traditionally produce universities, but it is now challenged by the digitalisation of society—which allows everybody who is connected to the internet to access learning—and by the need to acquire skills in step with a fast-changing world.

39. Unbelievable as it may seem, part-time students constitute a considerable portion of the student body in many universities across the world.

K) Sound like science fiction? In many countries, part-time studying is not exceptional: on average across OECD countries, part-time students in 2016 represented 20 per cent of enrolment in tertiary education. In many countries, this share is higher and can exceed 40 per cent in Australia, New Zealand and Sweden.

40. Some social and managerial skills, which are not easily automated, will be of great importance to students' future careers.

I) In addition to technical capabilities, the very nature of projects develops axial and entrepreneurial skills, such as design thinking, initiative taking, team leading, activity reporting or resource planning. Not only will those skills be actually integrated into the curriculum but they will be very important to have in the future because they are difficult to automate.

41. A new model of college education should provide students with the knowledge and skills that will make them more inventive and capable of lifelong learning.

C) The university model needs to evolve. It must equip students with the right skills and knowledge to compete in a world where value will be derived largely from human interaction and the ability to invent and interpret things that machines cannot', as the English futurist Richard Watson puts it. By hing foundational knowledge and up-to-date skills, universities will provide students with the future-proof skills of lifelong learning, not just get them 'job-ready'.

42. A mixed student body may change the classroom dynamics and benefit learning.

J)Second, freshly graduated students would mix with professionally experienced ones. This would change the classroom dynamics, perhaps for the best. Project-based learning with a mixed team reflects the reality of the professional world and could therefore be a better preparation for it.

43. The question of who will bear the cost of lifelong learning is a topic of constant debate.

N) Even if time were not an issue, who will pay for lifelong learning: That's the eternal debate: should it be the learner's responsibility, that of his employer, or of the state?

44. To the traditional subjects of math and physics should be added a new discipline which combines computer science with statistics and other components.

F) Therefore, a new discipline blending computer programming, statistics and machine learning should be added to the traditional foundational topics of mathematics and physics. These three pillars would allow you to keep learning complex technical subjects all your life because numeracy (计算) is the foundation upon which everything else is eventually built.

45. Students who are burdened with family duties might choose to take online courses.

M) This could fix the main organisational challenges for the university, but not for the learners, due to lack of time, family obligations or funds. Here, online learning might be an option because it allows you to save your 'travel time', but it has its limits.

三、选词填空

记笔记

举例：【2020 年 12 月】

- | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| A) amazing | I) sentimentally | B) closer | J) spiritually |
| C) driven | K) temptations | D) engaged | L) thriftier |
| E) malignant | M) tickled | F) oppressing | N) unique |
| G) premises | O) vulnerable | H) random | |

Social distancing is putting people out of work, canceling school and tanking the stock market. It has been 26 by fear, and it is creating even more fear as money problems and uncertainty grow.

- C) driven D) engaged M) tickled

However, at its core is love, and a sacrifice to protect those most 27 to the coronavirus' (冠状病毒) effects—the elderly, people with compromised immune systems, and those whose life-saving resources would be used up by a 28 epidemic

27. A) amazing B) closer D) engaged E) malignant F) oppressing H) random M) tickled N) unique O) vulnerable

28 同上 adj

Americans make life-saving decisions every day as a matter of course. We cut food into bite-sized pieces, we wear seatbelts, and we take care not to exceed the speed limit. But social distancing is 29 in that it is completely self-sacrificing.

29. A) amazing B) closer D) engaged E) malignant F) oppressing
H) random M) tickled N) unique O) vulnerable

Those who will benefit may be the elderly relatives of the 30 person we didn't pass in Starbucks, on

the subway, or in the elevator.

30. A) amazing B) closer D) engaged E) malignant F) oppressing
H) random M) tickled N) unique O) vulnerable

Social distancing is millions of people making hundreds of sacrifices to keep the elderly alive. It doesn't include the 31 to run from society or make an excuse to avoid one's obligations such as life-saving medical work or the parental obligation to buy groceries.

31. K) temptations G) premises

What it does include is applying love through caution. And in doing so, it offers an 32 opportunity for those who care about the elderly to find new ways to love them.

32. A) amazing D) engaged F) oppressing

If we're not 33 as much in our normal work or school, we have extra time to call parents and grandparents.

33. A) amazing B) closer D) engaged F) oppressing M) tickled
N) unique O) vulnerable

We can also ask elderly relatives how to best support them 34 and use our sacrifices as an opportunity to bring us, our community and the world 35.

34. I) sentimentally J) spiritually
35. B) closer F) oppressing M) tickled L) thriftier

第四部分 听力

一、救命绝招一：透过选项看门道，事半功倍

1. 总体原则：回忆答案->等待答案
2. 具体做法：扫主干，求同存异（求同得主题，存异得听题重点）
3. 注意：默读选项

例：【2020-12】

1. A) She has not received any letter from the man.
B) Her claim has been completely disregarded.
C) She has failed to reach the manager again.
D) Her house has not been repaired in time.
2. A) Their caravan was washed away by the flood.
B) The ground floor of their cottage was flooded.
C) Their entire house was destroyed by the flood.
D) The roof of their cottage collapsed in the flood.
3. A) The woman's failure to pay her house insurance in time.
B) The woman's inaccurate description of the whole incident.
C) The woman's ignorance of the insurance company's policy.
D) The woman's misleading of the insurance company's letter.
4. A) Revise the terms and conditions of the contract.
B) Consult her lawyer about the insurance policy.
C) Talk to the manager of Safe House Insurance.
D) File a lawsuit against the insurance company.

*常见区分：名词，动词，时间，地点，职业，人物，实在不行标记主干

二、救命绝招二：听题需眼耳并用，顺序匹配 + 结合问题综合判断

1. 听题原则：顺序出题，视听一致和同义替换是王道

例：【2009-12】

19. A) An accountant of a computer firm. C) A sales clerk at a shopping center.
B) A director of a sales department. D) A manager at a computer store.
20. A) Handling customer complaints. C) Developing computer programs.
B) Recruiting and training new staff. D) Dispatching ordered goods on time.
21. A) She likes something more challenging. C) She wants to be with her husband.
B) She likes to be nearer to her parents. D) She wants to have a better-paid job.
22. A) In a couple of days. C) In two months.
B) Right away. D) Early next month.

【录音】

M: I see on your resume that you worked as a manager of store called Computer Country, could you tell me a little more about your responsibilities there?

W: Sure. I was responsible for overseeing about 30 employees. I did all of the orderings for the store and I kept track of the inventory.

M: What was the most difficult part of your job?

W: Probably handling angry customers. We didn't have them very often, but when we did, I need to make sure they were well taken good care of. After all, the customer is always right.

M: That's how we feel here, too. How long did you work there?

W: I was there for three and a half years. I left the company last month.

M: And why did you leave?

W: My husband has been transferred to Boston and I understand that your company has an opening there, too.

M: Yes, that's right. We do. But the position won't start until early next month. Would that be a problem for you?

W: No, not at all. My husband's new job doesn't begin for a few weeks, so we thought we would spend some time driving to Boston and stop to see my parents.

2. 听题原则：学会听问题，结合问题综合判断

例：(2020-12-5.6)

5. A) Stimulating and motivating.
B) Simply writing AI software.
C) More demanding and requiring special training.
D) Less time-consuming and focusing on creation.
6. A) Old people would be taken care of solely by unfeeling robots.
B) Humans would be tired of communicating with one another.
C) Digital life could replace human civilization.
D) There could be jobs nobody wants to do.

【录音】

W: ...which would require less of our time and allow us to be centered on creative tasks.

M: I doubt that very much. Probably the last job that will remain will be writing AI software. And then eventually, AI will just write its own software.

W: At that time, we are going to have a lot of jobs which nobody will want to do. So, we will need artificial intelligence for the robots to take care of the old guys like us.

M: I don't know. There's a risk that human civilization could be replaced by a superior type of digital life....

三、救命绝招三：场景词+问答，搞定长对话

1. 长对话核心技巧：熟读场景词，问答是关键，注意首尾和重复

例：2018-12 (19-22)

19. A) A journal reporting the latest progress in physics.
B) An introductory course of modern physics.
C) An occasion for physicists to exchange ideas.
D) A series of interviews with outstanding physicists.
20. A) The future of the physical world. C) Sources of radiation.
B) the origin of the universe. D) Particle theory.
21. A) How matter collides with anti-matter. C) Why there exists anti-matter.
B) Whether the universe will turn barren. D) Why there is a universe at all.
22. A) Matter and anti-matter are opposites of each other.

- B) Anti-matter allowed humans to come into existence.
- C) The universe formed due to a sufficient amount of matter.
- D) Anti-matter exists in very high-temperature environments.

【录音】

M: Good evening and welcome to Physics Today. Here we interview some of the greatest minds in physics (换成 **outstanding physicists**: 同义替换+首句出题) as they help us to understand some of the most complicated theories. Today, I'm very pleased to welcome Dr. Melissa Phillips, professor of theoretical physics. She's here to tell us a little about what it is she studies. Dr. Phillips, you seem to study everything

W: I guess that would be fair to say I spent most of my time studying the Big Bang theory and where our universe came from (换成 **the origin of the universe**).

M: Can you tell us a little about that?

W: Well, I'm very interested in why the universe exists at all (问答). ... The whole universe was a super-hot soup of radiation filled with these particles. So what's baffled scientists for so long is "why is there a universe at all" (重复信息重点)?

.....

M: But a recent study seems to point to the fact that when matter and anti-matter were first created, there were slightly more particles of matter, which allowed the universe we all live in to form?

W: Exactly. Because there was slightly more matter (重复信息+问答+尾句出题), the collisions quickly depleted all the anti-matter and left just enough matter to create stars, planets and eventually us.

四、救命绝招四：主题+结论，搞定 SectionB 实验研究型文章

1. 做题原则：重点注意研究主题和研究结论
2. 研究主题：文章开头提示+文章重复信息提示
3. 研究结论：重点注意结论引导词：find, show, conclude, reveal, discover, notice, suggest, report, demonstrate 等

例：(2017-12)

19. A) It makes claims in conflict with the existing research.
B) It focuses on the link between bedtime and nutrition.
C) It cautions against the overuse of coffee and alcohol.
D) It shows that "night owls" work much less efficiently.
20. A) They pay greater attention to food choice.
B) They tend to achieve less than their peers.
C) They run a higher risk of gaining weight.
D) They stand a greater chance to fall sick.
21. A) Get up late. C) Exercise more.
B) Sleep 8 hours a day. D) Go to bed earlier.

五、救命绝招五：听力重点提示词，搞定 **Section B+C**

1. 听力重点提示词

重点逻辑提示词：but, however, yet, though, whereas, actually

in fact, instead of, nonetheless (转折)

since, as, because, so, that's why (因果)

if, when, only, unless, otherwise (条件)

for example, such as, in other words, for instance (举例)

信息比较提示词：more, most, ~er, ~est

结论信息提示词：show, indicate, find, believe, conclude, identify

reveal, discover, suggest, argue, report, it turns out that

数字时间提示词：年代 (10 years=decade) , 价格 (20%=one fifth) , 倍数 (half=50%)

态度情绪提示词：sadly, unfortunately, fortunately, must, have to, had better

顺序线索提示词：first, for the first time, first of all, on top of all, second, finally, eventually

2. 总体原则

听到重点信息提示词，要根据其附近信息，快速与选项进行匹配，匹配不上就接着听，不要回想，能匹配上直接选。

例：(2017-12)

23. A) It is one of the world's most healthy diets.
B) It contains large amounts of dairy products.
C) It began to impact the world in recent years.
D) It consists mainly of various kinds of seafood.
24. A) It involved 13, 000 researchers from Asia, Europe and America.
B) It was conducted in seven mid-eastern countries in the 1950s
C) It is regarded as one of the greatest researches of its kind.
D) It has drawn the attention of medical doctors the world over.
25. A) They care much about their health.
B) They eat foods with little fat.
C) They use little oil in cooking
D) They have lower mortality rates.

例：(2019-12)

19. A) Similarities between human babies and baby animals.
B) Cognitive features of different newly born mammals.
C) Adults' influence on children.
D) Abilities of human babies.
20. A) They can distinguish a happy tune from a sad one.
B) They love happy melodies more than sad ones.
C) They fall asleep easily while listening to music.
D) They are already sensitive to beats and rhythms.
21. A) Infants' facial expressions. C) Babies' interaction with adults.
B) Babies' emotions. D) Infants' behaviors.

六、救命绝招六：猜题技巧，蒙对一个，赚一个

1. 蒙题原则：形式或含义相似相对选项蒙答案（含义>形式）

例：(2020-7-9)

- A) It helps employees to reduce their stress.
- B) It prevents employees from feeling bored.
- C) It strengthens harmony among employees.
- D) It helps employees to view things positively.

例：(2020-7-23)

- A) They have great difficulty living by themselves.
- B) They have little hope of getting any family care.
- C) They have fond memories of their good old days.
- D) They have a sense of independence and autonomy.

例：(2020-7-24)

- A) People in many parts of the world preferred small-size families.
- B) There have been extended families in most parts of the world.
- C) Many elderly people were unwilling to take care of their grandchildren.
- D) So many young Americans refused to live together with their parents.

例：(2019-6-14)

- A) To succeed while feeling irritated.
- B) To feel happy without good health.
- C) To be free from frustration and failure.
- D) To enjoy good health while in dark moods.

2. 蒙题原则：“渣男”选项必选（一个选项和好几个选项有关系，必选）

例：(2020-7-12)

- A) The recent finding of a changed gene in obese mice.

- B) A breakthrough in understanding gene modification.
- C) A newly discovered way for people to lose weight.
- D) The self-repairing ability of a gene in obese mice.

例:(2020-12-5)

- A) They are both worried about the negative impact of technology.
- B) They differ greatly in their knowledge of modern technology.
- C) They disagree about the future of AI technology.
- D) They work in different fields of AI technology.

七、救命绝招七：跨坑技巧，少错一个，赚一个

1. 连续听到好几个选项，都不选

例: (2020-9-9)

- A) Radio waves.
- B) Sound waves.
- C) Robots.
- D) Satellites.

【录音】

Scientists first discovered Lake Vostok in the 1970s by using radio waves that penetrate the ice. Since then they have used sound waves and even satellites to map this massive body of water.

例: (2020-7-16)

- A) Similarities in interests.
- B) Mental stimulation.
- C) Openness.
- D) compassion.

【录音】

Qualities of a relationship such as openness, compassion and mental stimulation are of concern to most of us regardless of Men assigned a lower priority to them in favor of similarity in interests,...

例: (大纲样题-18)

- A) The urgency of pension reform.

- B) Medical care for senior citizens.
- C) Finding meaningful roles for the elderly in society.
- D) The development of public facilities for senior citizens.

【录音】

Now, many of the lectures given at this conference have focused on the issues of pension reform, medical care, and the development of public facilities for senior citizens. And while these are vital issues that must be addressed, I'd like to focus my comments on an important issue that will affect the overall success of the other programs mentioned. This has to do with changing our perspectives on what it means to be a part of this group, and finding meaningful roles the elderly can play and should play in our societies.....

2. 不要随便听到一个词或短语就选择。（听到部分信息可以划线，听到全部信息才打勾）

例:(2019-12-19)

- A) Not playing a role in a workplace revolution.
- B) Not benefiting from free-market capitalism.
- C) Not earning enough money to provide for the family.
- D) Not spending enough time on life and leisure.

【录音】

Free-market capitalism hasn't freed us, it has trapped us. It's imperative for us to embrace a workplace evolution. We are unlikely to spend our last moments regretting that we didn't spend enough of our lives slaving away at work, We may instead find ourselves feeling guilty about the time we didn't spend watching our children grow, or with our loved ones, or travelling, or on the cultural or leisure pursuits that bring us happiness. .

例:(2018-12-18)

- A) It needs instructions throughout the process.
- B) It does poorly on frequent, high-volume tasks.
- C) It has to rely on huge amounts of previous data.
- D) It is slow when it comes to tracking novel things.

【录音】

.... We have no chance of competing against machines on frequent, high-volume tasks.

But there are things we can do that machines cannot. Where machines have made very little progress is in tackling novel situations. Machines can't handle things they haven't seen many times before. The fundamental limitation of machine learning is that it needs to learn from large volumes of past data.

3. 小心反向干扰。（出题人会利用原文信息，进行反义改写后放入选项）

例：(2020-9-22)

- A) Few people can identify its texture.
- B) Few people can describe it precisely.
- C) Its real value is open to interpretation.
- D) Its importance is often over-estimated.

【录音】

Virtually every American can recognize a dollar bill at a mere glance. Many can identify it by its sound or texture. But few people indeed can accurately describe the world's most powerful, important currency.

4. 注意正确答案的反向解释改写。（正话反说，反话正说）

例：(2017-12-6)

- A) They should be taken seriously.
- B) They are rapidly catching up.
- C) Their business strategy is quite effective.
- D) Their potential has been underestimated.

【录音】

W: Well our rivals are offering extended credit terms to some of the retailers in the area.

M: Oh? Which rival is this? We only have two. W: Barratts Company.

M: Oh, them. Well, they are hardly a threat.

W: I know they are smaller than us, but we can't afford to ignore them.

例:(2016-12-2)

- A) It would be more costly to deal with its consequences than to avoid it.
- B) It will take a long time before a consensus is reached on its impact.
- C) It is the most pressing issue confronting all countries.
- D) It is bound to cause endless disputes among nations.

【录音】

M: Well, most of the science of climate change, particularly that to do with global warming, is simply fact. But other aspects of the science are less certain or at least more disputed. And so we're rarely talking about risk. What the economics tells us is that it's probably cheaper to avoid climate change -- to avoid the risk -- than it is to deal with the likely consequences.

5. 原文正确信息干扰 (答非所问, 注意听问题)

例: (2017-6-10)

- A) About 136 million.
- B) About 183.8 million.
- C) About 50% of holiday shoppers.
- D) About 20-30% of holiday shoppers.

【录音】

America's holiday shopping season started on Black Friday, the day after Thanksgiving. It is the busiest shopping day of the year. Retailers make the most money this time of year, about 20 to 30 percent of annual revenue. About 136 million people will shop during the Thanksgiving Holiday weekend. More and more will shop online. In an era of instant information, shoppers can use their mobile phones to find deals. About 183.8 million people will shop on Cyber Monday, the first Monday after Thanksgiving. More than half of all holiday purchases will be made online. One-in-five Americans will use a tablet or smartphone.

10. How many people will shop on Cyber Monday?

6. 小心人物错位干扰。(长对话中将男女信息对调干扰, 不能听到一致就选, 要听问题)

例: (2016-12-3)

- A) No one of the group ate it.
- C) No tea was served with the meal.

B) It was a little overcooked.

D) It was the real English breakfast.

【录音】

W: What was that? M: Bacon and eggs.

W: Fantastic! The real English breakfast.

M: Yes, anyway we didn't know any better--- so we had it, and ugh...!

W: What was it like? Disgusting? M: ...

W: Did you actually eat it?

M: No, nobody did. They all wanted to turn round and go home.

3. what does the man say about the breakfast at the little French cafe?

例: (2017-12-4)

A) He read exactly what was written in his notes.

B) He kept forgetting what he was going to say.

C) He made an embarrassing remark.

D) He was too nervous to speak up.

【录音】

M: But she was so nervous that she kept forgetting what to say, and she spoke almost in a whisper.

People at the back kept calling out We can't hear. It was embarrassing! W: I can imagine it.

M: At least the slides were good, that is, until the bulb in the projector blew. And she had to finish her talk with no illustrations.

W: So what did you say in your speech of thanks?

M: What can you say? You have to be polite. I mentioned the interesting facts, referred to the excellent slides, and then finished by saying We'd all like to thank Miss Bligh for blowing out her slides. "

W: Oh, no. M: I felt terrible. I tried to apologize, not very successfully.

4. What does the man say about the first time he gave a speech of thanks?

八、救命绝招八：定心丸——考前踏实练习，模考;考中沉着冷静，胆大心细

1. 做完题目后一定多跟读跟听，不要只纠结正确率
2. 考前一定卡时间模考一下，找完整做题的感觉
3. 考前一定别熬夜，最好多在上午练听力
4. 带两副耳机去考场，以防万一
5. 记住：如果不能听懂，就对着选项去“听到”，不要放弃，一切皆有可能